

SERBIA FORCED  
ENEMY BACK

German Invaders Reported  
to Have Been Checked  
in Some Places

DOUGHTY DEFENDERS  
START OFFENSIVE

Denial Is Made of Successes  
Reported by Bulgarians

Athens, via Paris, Oct. 23.—The Serbian minister to Greece announces that German operations in the north of his country are temporarily suspended. The Serbians are said to have assumed the offensive and at certain points to have forced back the invaders. German entrenchments, he said, extend only a few kilometers along the line south of Belgrade. The minister states that the Serbians repulsed the Bulgarians who entered Vranja.

French and British military attaches arriving from Nish also say that Vranja was not occupied by the Bulgarians, who simply made a cavalry raid there and were driven off. They further declare the Serbians have entered Bulgarian territory. The Serbian minister denies that Bulgarians have occupied Kumanovo, Pirot or Koprul.

VON HINDENBURG'S  
DRIVE CHECKED

Counter Attacks by Germans in the Center of the Line Have Been Repulsed  
—Russians Capture More Men in South.

London, Oct. 23.—The latest official news from Petrograd gives some indication that Field Marshal Von Hindenburg's drive toward the Baltic port of Riga again has been checked and that nearer the center of the German line the German counter attacks have been repulsed. Fighting on the left bank of the Styr continues and the Russians assert they have made further captures of a large number of men in the Caucasus. Lively actions, in which cavalry is taking an important part, are recorded. Vienna acknowledges that Austrian troops have retired in Galicia under pressure of superior Russian forces.

BRITISH TAXES  
DRIVE OUT FOREIGN CONCERNS

New York, It is Said, Will Replace London as Mining Capital of World  
Unless Levies are Reduced.

London, Oct. 23.—The new budget, which provides for a surtax of fifty per cent on the profits of all British companies, already has caused the removal to the United States of the headquarters of several companies representing South and Central American gold mines. Mining men here assert that unless the tax is reduced this movement will become so great that New York will become the mining capital of the world, instead of London.

Mines whose production is just beginning are particularly hard hit. Unlike tea and rubber companies, mining companies have not been enabled by the war to raise their prices. The excess of profits is determined under the ruling by subtracting from the income for the current year the average income for any two of the last preceding three years. Mining companies just coming into the field have no such opportunity and will be compelled to pay 50 per cent of their total profits for the year. The tendency to remove headquarters here are bringing pressure to bear on the chancellor of the exchequer, Reginald McKenna, to have the super tax modified in favor of gold mines.

## GREEK NOT READY.

To Accept Terms Offered by Entente Allies.

London, Oct. 23.—The Greek government has informed the quadruple entente powers that it does not see its way clear at present to accept the proposals, including cessation of Cyprus and other concessions, offered in return for Greek military cooperation with Serbia.

While Greece's refusal of the offer is definite so far as the present is concerned, it is felt by London commentators that a material strengthening of the entente allied contingent at Saloniki would have a very material influence upon the attitude even of the Greek government. It is also believed by observers here that Greece cannot resist in her present ambiguous position and that public opinion which is generally understood to favor the entente allies will probably exercise its influence.

The refusal to accept the offer was not unexpected, as it has been often stated in official circles that both Roumania and Greece were withholding their assistance until the allies either won a decisive victory or proved to the Greeks and Roumanians their ability to do so, or until the operations had reached a stage which would assure them that their countries would not be overrun by the forces of the central powers or their Turkish and Balkan allies.

KING GEORGE APPEALS  
FOR ENLISTMENTS

Larger Army Is Needed to Combat the  
"Highly Organized Enemy"—He  
Asks Men to Come Forward Voluntarily.

London, Oct. 23.—King George has issued an appeal to his subjects to come forward voluntarily and aid Great Britain in her fight against the Germanic allies. "More men and yet more," the monarch says, "are wanted to keep my armies in the field and through them to secure victory and an enduring peace."

The message of the king follows: "To my people: "At this grave moment in the struggle between my people and a highly organized enemy who has transgressed the laws of nations and changed the ordinance that binds civilized Europe together, I appeal to you.

"I rejoice in my empire's effort, and I feel pride in the voluntary response from my subjects all over the world who have sacrificed home and fortune and life itself in order that another may not inherit the free empire which their ancestors and mine have built. I ask you to make good these sacrifices.

"The end is not in sight. More men, and yet more, are wanted to keep my armies in the field and through them to secure victory and an enduring peace. In ancient days the darkest moment has ever produced in men of our race the sternest resolve. I ask you, men of all classes, to come forward voluntarily and take your share in these fights.

"I freely responding to my appeal, you will be giving your support to our brothers who for long months have nobly upheld Great Britain's past traditions and the glory of her arms."

## YELLOW FEVER IN PANAMA.

In Past Ten Years There Have Been No Cases of Local Origin.

Panama, Oct. 23.—Notwithstanding reports to the contrary, it is declared that there have been no cases of yellow fever of local origin on the isthmus of Panama in the last ten years. There have been several cases where the patient died in Ancon and Santo Tomas hospitals, but all of these originated in countries south and north of the isthmus.

Early this month a party of six American railway engineers arrived on the canal zone from Buenaventura, Colombia. One of them, William A. Munday of Kansas City, Mo., died in Ancon hospital the day after arrival. He was taken off the ship while sick and removed to the Balboa quarantine station, where his case was diagnosed as yellow fever. None of the other members of the party, all of whom were from Kansas City, were found to have been infected.

It has been known to the canal zone health authorities for months that in the vicinity of Buenaventura, Colombia, yellow fever has been epidemic. Similar conditions exist farther inland toward Cali, where the Americans were employed building a railway. At Baranquilla and Cartagena there also have been cases of yellow fever recently.

Ample precautions are always taken to prevent the spread of the disease in Panama when a case is discovered on any of the ships docking at either the Atlantic or Pacific ports of Panama and the canal zone. There is never any danger of an epidemic, according to the health officers.

## FIND CLUE TO GERMANS.

Overturned Vessel Is Reported to Have Been Sighted.

Philadelphia, Oct. 23.—What local shipping men believe to be the auxiliary yawl Eclipse upon which six of the German officers interned on the Kronprinz Wilhelm at Norfolk are said to have made their escape was sighted last Sunday about 75 miles northeast of Bermuda by the officers and crew of the Italian steamship Labor which arrived here yesterday from Genoa. In a report to the hydrographic office Captain Monzali of the Labor said that he had sighted an overturned white vessel in latitude 23° 30' north and longitude 64° 23' west, which answered in every way the description of the Eclipse. Captain Monzali had not heard of the escape of the Germans and did not make a report at the Virginia port.

The theory is advanced in shipping circles here that the Eclipse either was capsized and its occupants drowned, or else the German officers abandoned their boat when they were picked up by a friendly ship.

## EXPECT 25,000 IN PARADE

When Suffrage Procession Starts in New York To-day.

New York, Oct. 23.—Twenty-five thousand women expected to be in line this afternoon in what suffrage leaders say will be the greatest demonstration ever made in favor of votes for women. In addition to the women, more than 10,000 men will have places in the line. One of the chief features of the parade will be a march of baby carriages, decorated with yellow and white or purple, white and green ribbons, will be included in this division, as well as many other children from eight to 16 years old. This is said to be the answer to the anti-charge that suffrage workers neglected their children to march.

## WABASH CHARTER FILED.

New Railroad Company to Take Over Property of Old.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 23.—A charter for a new Wabash railroad company, the purpose of which is to take over all the Wabash railroad property now in the hands of receivers, was filed with the secretary of state here yesterday. The capital stock of the new company was placed at \$143,000,000 and a fee of \$143,000 was paid to the state.

A meeting of the directors of the new company was held later in the day at which it is understood, Edward F. Keiser, president, and co-receiver of the Wabash railroad company was elected president.

GREAT SWEEP  
BY ITALIANS

Their Offensive Is Progressing  
Along Tyrol-Trentino Frontier

AMMUNITION SEIZED  
AS ENEMY FLED

On the Carso 25 Officers and  
Nearly 1,200 Men  
Captured

Rome, Friday, via Paris, Saturday, Oct. 23.—The Italian official statement issued to-day says:

"Our offensive, happily begun along the Tyrol-Trentino frontier, is developing and extends along the whole front to the sea. In the Giudicaria valley, where the capture of Monte Elino secured for us a large amount of war material, we have occupied Monte Pina and Hamlet Titano Inferiore.

"In Val Lagarina, the enemy, supported by batteries on Monte Bianca, attempted, on the evening of the 20th a counter attack on our new positions on Monte Cressano. He was repulsed and pursued with heavy losses.

"At the head of Rioni our troops advanced at the same time along the heights of the range of Monte Cristallo, taking the enemy trenches and making some prisoners.

"In the Fella valley, raids by our detachments inflicted serious damage on the enemy defenses and enabled us to take arms and ammunition. On the Carso also, strong enemy lines have been pierced in several places and enemy detachments have been annihilated or dispersed and 25 officers and nearly 1,200 men were made prisoners."

PROHIBITION IS BIG  
ISSUE IN NORWAY

Prediction Is Made That Country-Wide  
Policy Will Be Adopted in the Near Future—Wine-Producing Countries in Europe Dissatisfied.

Christiania, Norway, Oct. 23.—The prohibition movement which, since the beginning of the war, has been gaining momentum in all the Scandinavian countries, has become in Norway a leading issue in the present political campaign. Gudnar Knudsen, the prime minister, stated in a recent speech that country-wide prohibition would be an achievement of the near future. But except among Socialist and radical circles which have strongly espoused the prohibition cause, it is thought that the economic and international complications resulting from such a reform will make it impracticable or at least inadvisable.

The wine-producing European countries do not look favorably upon the curtailment of their liquor exports to Norway, and it is felt here that in the case of prohibition reforms, they will under the commercial and financial standing of the country. In 1909, when the legislature passed a bill restricting the import of French wines, Norwegian bonds were refused a rating on the Paris exchange, and the bill was repealed. The French declaration, made at this time, to the effect that France would assume the liberty of making such an answer to any Norwegian legislation detrimental to France's wine trade, is still in force.

France, Spain and Portugal, according to a tariff declaration of 1910, will double the duty on articles imported from the countries which throw difficulties in the way of the wine trade. The Norwegian exports to these countries are several million dollars in excess of the imports, and any interference with these exports would work a serious commercial injury to Norway. Norway, at present, enjoys the "most favored nation" clause in her commercial treaties with France. If France feels that her wine exports to Norway are being restricted, she may, according to the tariff declaration already mentioned, "take any steps the circumstances dictate," including the raising of harbor dues for Norwegian ships in French harbors, which will make it difficult for Norway to compete with other nations. France at present takes half of all the wood pulp and cellulose produced in Norway, and Portugal and Spain each take 30 per cent of Norway's pulp cut.

Those opposed to prohibition see these arguments as showing that a small country like Norway, which is in so many ways dependent on other countries, cannot, without injuring profitable trade and disturbing her financial standing, adopt as strict a degree of prohibition as has been urged. All parties, however, are agreed that there should be a rigid control of the sale of alcoholic beverages, and that their consumption should be regulated by light wines and beer.

It is also argued that Norway's long coast line and thousands of protected fjords would make it impossible to prevent wholesale smuggling. It is also common in Norway to make wine—some of it containing a high per cent of alcohol—out of blackberries, currants and apples, which can be sold by growers with out special license. Critics of the prohibition program state that it would be difficult to devise and enforce a law to prevent people from distilling berry wine and stronger alcoholic drinks in their own kitchens for home use.

## LUXEMBURG MINISTRY OUT.

Reported to Have Resigned Because of Differences with Grand Duchess.

Amsterdam, via London, Oct. 23.—A dispatch from Luxembourg in the Cologne Gazette says the ministry of the grand duchy has resigned, owing to a difference of opinion with Grand Duchess Maria.

VERMONT KILLED  
IN MEXICAN RAID

Private Martin F. Joyce's Body to be  
Shipped to Westminster, Where  
Military Funeral Probably  
Will be Held.

Brownsville, Tex., Oct. 23.—Preparations were made yesterday to ship the bodies of soldiers killed Thursday by Mexicans. That of Private Martin F. Joyce will be sent to Leslie G. Converse, Westminster, Vt.

Westminster, Oct. 23.—The announcement that the body of Private Martin F. Joyce, U. S. A., who was killed by Mexican raiders Thursday at Ojo de Agua, Tex., on the banks of the Rio Grande, will be brought here for burial contains a touch of pathos beyond that which comes with the chronicling of the death of the young American soldier. Unaware that his brother had died for his country, Harold Joyce died this morning at the Westmoreland, N. H., almshouse, a pauper. The brothers were orphans.

When eight years old, Leslie G. Converse of Westmoreland Depot, N. H., now of this town, adopted Martin Joyce and the boy lived in the Converse family until he was 18, when he went to Springfield, Mass., where he was employed about a pathos beyond that which comes with the chronicling of the death of the young American soldier. Unaware that his brother had died for his country, Harold Joyce died this morning at the Westmoreland, N. H., almshouse, a pauper. The brothers were orphans.

Though it is not known when the body will arrive it is believed that arrangements will be made for a military funeral and that a detail from company E of Bellows Falls will act as escort and accord the usual honors.

## MEXICO'S CORN HARVEST.

55,000,000 Bushels are Expected to be  
Gathered.

Mexico City, Oct. 23.—The corn harvest has begun with the prospect that about 55,000,000 bushels will be gathered. As the normal crop totals in the neighborhood of 130,000,000 bushels, which is insufficient for Mexico's 15,000,000 inhabitants, the misery and distress which has prevailed for months past will be greatly accentuated during the winter months.

American Red Cross representatives have tried vainly for the past fortnight to purchase corn and other cereals and have finally been compelled to place their orders in the United States with the hope that delivery will be made in time to relieve the grave situation. In the Mexican poor will have to face during the cold winter. Corn is still selling at a prohibitive price for those who need it and the prospective crop shortage of 60 per cent will greatly increase even this price.

## WOODMEN WELCOMED OFFICERS.

Large Number Attended Function in  
Burlington.

Burlington, Oct. 23.—The Vermont members of the Modern Woodmen of America turned out 1,900 strong last evening to greet A. B. Talbot of Lincoln, Neb., and James McKenna of Rock Island, Ill., head consul and head clerk of their order, on their first official visit to Vermont. There was a fine parade of 500 Woodmen, who marched through the principal streets of the city at 7:30 p. m., followed by exercises in the city hall, where speeches were made by Governor Gates, Mayor Drew, Mr. McKenna and Mr. Talbot. Following these exercises at the city hall there was a largely attended banquet in the main dining room of the Van Ness house, which had been beautifully decorated for the occasion. T. E. Hopkins presided at the post-prandial exercises and called upon Governor Gates, Mayor Drew, Head Consul Talbot and Head Clerk McKenna for speeches, all of whom responded in a most happy vein.

The parade formed on St. Paul street, with its right resting on College street, at 7:30, and the line of march was up St. Paul street to Pearl street, to Church street, to Main street, to St. Paul street, to Cherry street, where the men counter-marched to Main street, passing in review before Governor Gates and the other distinguished guests, who were seated in automobiles. The parade was headed by a platoon of police, all of whom are members of the Modern Woodmen of America. Chief Marshal Joseph Cote with J. L. Jones, first aide, the sergeants of the different camps in full uniform and 500 members of the camps of Burlington, Winooski, Shelburne, Williston, North Ferrisburg, St. Albans, East Berkshire, Stowe, Wolcott, Morrisville, North Hero, Charlotte, Hardwick and Waterbury, besides several bands, including Sherman's Military band of this city. Alpha camp degree team of Burlington acted as a special escort to Head Consul A. P. Talbot and Head Clerk James McKenna, who rode in the first automobile, followed by Governor Gates, Mayor Drew and the other guests.

## CALLED THE POLICE.

Then Girls Told of Hiding-Place of Stepfather's Liquor.

St. Albans, Oct. 23.—Angered, it is claimed, because their stepfather, John Bagnio, had ordered them out of doors following a dispute over some family affairs, two young women called the police last night to call at the Bagnio home, Deputy Sheriff L. P. Martin and Policeman Robert Walker responded and were informed by the women that their stepfather had liquor cached behind a bureau with a reserve in the cellar.

The officers searched the premises and found three cases of beer, a gallon of spirits and three empty beer bottles. They carted the stuff away and took the alleged owner of the liquors to jail.

## AUTO STRUCK SOFT ROAD.

And Overturned But Driver Escaped with  
Scratches.

Middlebury, Oct. 23.—An automobile driven by C. H. Orvis of Bristol struck a soft spot in the newly-graveled road near the home farm on the Chipman hill road yesterday afternoon and turned over when the driver lost control of the car. Mr. Orvis escaped with a severe shaking up. The windshield was smashed and the radiator and a mud guard damaged.

FRENCH WOMAN  
ALSO EXECUTED

Madame Louise Frenay Was  
Put to Death at  
Liege

FIRING SQUAD DID  
BUNGLING JOB

Commanding Officer Had to  
Shoot Woman Through  
the Head

Amsterdam, via London, Oct. 23.—The Telegraf publishes an article from its Antwerp correspondent in which it is said that some weeks ago a French woman, Madame Louise Frenay, was executed at Liege. The correspondent says the aim of the German firing squad was not accurate, and that, as in the case of Miss Edith Cavell, under similar circumstances, the commanding officer was obliged to put Madame Frenay to death by shooting her through the head with his revolver.

## MISS CAVELL'S LAST MOMENTS

Were Told About by Chaplain Who Visited Her.

London, Oct. 23.—The British foreign office last evening made public the report of Rev. H. S. T. Gahan, the British chaplain in Brussels, who visited Miss Edith Cavell just before her execution. Rev. Mr. Gahan in his report says: "On Monday evening, the 11th of October, I was admitted by a special passport from the German authorities to the prison of St. Giles, where Miss Edith Cavell had been confined for ten weeks. The final sentence had been given early that afternoon.

"Miss Cavell said: 'I thank God for this ten weeks of quiet before the end. My life has always been hurried and full of difficulties; this time the rest has been a great mercy. They have all been very kind to me here. But this I would say, standing as I do in view of God and eternity, I realize that patriotism is not enough. I must have no hatred or bitterness towards anyone.'"

"A German military chaplain was with her at the end and afterwards gave her a Christian burial. He told me: 'She was brave and bright to the last. She professed her Christian faith and said she was glad to die for her country. She died like a heroine.'"

DENY ENGAGEMENT  
EVER EXISTED

Atty. M. M. Wilson of Randolph, Representing His Brother, Rev. C. C. Wilson, Asserts, Too, That Breach of Promise Trial Would Be Welcomed.

Burlington, Oct. 23.—Attorney Guy B. Horton, whose letter to Rev. Charles C. Wilson of Rosindale, Mass., demanding reparation for alleged breach of promise to marry Miss Laura Johnson was the cause of the postponement of Mr. Wilson's marriage to Miss Mary Clark, today stated that, "unless prevented by a settlement on his part, I shall bring suit."

Attorney March M. Wilson of Randolph, who represents his brother, Rev. C. C. Wilson, says that a trial would be welcomed. He states that his brother makes complete denial of any engagement ever existing.

The attorney for Miss Johnson confirmed his discussion of the case as follows: "We claim that Rev. Mr. Wilson did promise to marry Miss Johnson, and that she agreed, or, in other words, the two became engaged; that Miss Johnson was ready to live up to the contract and that Mr. Wilson has not carried out his part of it. Miss Johnson was a special student at the University of Vermont, and, after giving up the course she began the latter part of the following summer and has frequently visited here since. She is a fine girl and resided at my home, being an intimate acquaintance of Mrs. Horton. She is the daughter of Gustavus Johnson, who conducts a substantial school of music in Minneapolis. We feel that Miss Johnson has been wronged and intend to do all we can to do right the wrong. I am of the opinion that we have a strong case."

"What reason did Miss Johnson have for waiting until this late date to institute proceedings for justice?" Mr. Horton was asked.

"Miss Johnson," replied Mr. Horton, "took action as soon as possible after she heard of the courtship and marriage engagement to Miss Clark, announcement of which was made only eight weeks ago."

Miss Johnson entered the University of Vermont in the fall of 1912 as a special student. From one of the authorities at the university, the following information regarding her was obtained last evening: Miss Johnson lived in a private house. One of the regulations of the university is that "all women from out of town who can afford to do so are expected to live in one of these houses (women's dormitories). When other arrangements are necessary, they must be made in conference with the adviser of women." In the spring of 1912, the applicant requested her to go to Grace church to reside, or leave college. Not desiring to go to the dormitory, she gave up her course. After that, Miss Johnson lived for a time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Guy B. Horton, and when in the city in the past few years has made her home with them.

## HANDY WITH THEIR RIFLES.

Norwich Cadets Pleased the Attendants  
at B. A. C. Fair.

Popular interest in preparedness doubtless accounted in a measure for the very popular crowd which saw a detail of cadets from troop D at Norwich university go through a series of skillfully conceived drills in Howland hall last evening. It was the second night of the Barre A. C. fair and the crowd which stormed the doors in the early evening made the attendance of the opening night look like a congress of Mexican war veterans—in point of size. Twenty-two straight-lined soldier-students (speed the hyphen), led by Captain Adams executed a fascinating fac-simile of what they may actually do in all seriousness some day—who knows?—and a crowd that lined every wall in the hall cheered wholeheartedly. Down through the close order formation, the manual of arms and the silent manual, the captain led his men. But the rifle drill followed and the climax to a splendid display of unity and precision came in the physical drill. Bookkeepers did well with their rifles and there was much of animation in the corner where Dante Peduzzi plied a busy trade in dolls and Ensign James Parker, late of the royal navy, judged impartially of the marksmanship performances of many men. Carroll's orchestra was on the upper deck ready for action when the drill was done and from 9:30 till a good ways after midnight dancing was enjoyed.

To-night dancing will bulk large in the order of diversions and if the patronage is as gratifying as it was last evening, the success of the three nights' fair is assured.

VERMONT AUTOIST  
ROBBED OF \$72

George E. Glosser Was Held Up by Two  
Men in Another Automobile, Latter  
Having Placed Their Machine Across Road.

Burlington, Oct. 23.—George E. Glosser, a traveling man who lives in Vergennes, on his way home by automobile, was held up on the Shelburne road near the Pierson farm shortly before 1 o'clock this morning by two men in another car, who drew their machine directly in front of the Glosser car. Pointing a revolver at Glosser, they told him to give up his valuables.

Glosser's overcoat and undercoat were taken from him, and he was then told to disappear. The victim got into his car again and came to the police office. Officers were sent back with him to the scene, and the two coats were found. Glosser said the hold-up men had taken \$72 from his undercoat.

## WELCOMED THE FRESHMEN.

Three Upper Classes in High School Gave  
a Reception.

Three upper classes at Spaulding high school joined last evening in tendering a reception at the high school chapel to the freshmen. Nearly the entire school body was present, with many members of the faculty in attendance. Among the enjoyable features of the yearly welcome which the upper classes extend the newcomers were promenade dancing, numbers, Miss Ruth Averill, 19, led the "chance" march and Clarence Geddis gave the first program number, a violin solo.

The remainder of the program followed: Recitation, "On Babies," Victor Ossola; piano solo, Miss Jessie Pitthie; "cents" march, led by Dean Davis, 18; march, "ladies' choice," led by Miss Erlene McConachie, 17; vocal solo, Miss Georgina Palmer, 17; piano solo, Miss Josephine Hovey, the instructor in music; reading, "My Lady's Kindness," Miss Mary Bish, 16; march, "cents," Cyril Morrison. Music for the marching was furnished by Miss Hovey and Miss Isabel Gall, and Miss Rachel Robinson and Miss Gall played for the dancing. At intermission refreshments of punch and wafers were served.

Class committees in charge of the reception were: Seniors, Edmund Loranger and Miss Bertina Hooker; juniors, William Noonan, and Miss Marion Rickert; sophomores, Raymond Bosworth and Miss Evelyn Miles.

## BURIAL AT ELMWOOD CEMETERY.

Funeral of Mrs. Marcia Emory Was Held  
Friday Afternoon.

Funeral services of Mrs. Marcia (Burton) Emory, wife of the late Daniel Emory, whose death at the age of 91 years Wednesday followed a severe fall which she sustained 10 days before, were held at her home, 90 Washington street, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. J. B. Reardon, pastor of the Universalist church, officiating. The bearers were: William Burton and Stephen Burton of Woodville, N. H.; Edwin C. Nevins of Philadelphia and Alderman E. B. Bruce.

Interment took place in the family lot at Elmwood cemetery beside the remains of Mr. Emory, who died in 1888.

Among the people who came from out of town to attend the funeral were: Mr. and Mrs. William Burton and Mrs. Daniel and Fred Whitley, Mrs. L. T. Johnson and Mrs. Cheney of Washington. Jacob Burton of Grand View, Mo., Mrs. Emory's brother and the only one relative surviving, was also present, having been summoned to Barre a few days before his sister's death.

## SEEK HOME FOR YOUNG GIRL.

Laura Richardson, Aged 9, Has Been  
Staying in Various Families.

Laura Richardson, aged 9, and daughter of Edwin Richardson of Barre, was in juvenile court at Montpelier to-day for preliminary arrangements for placing her in some suitable family. The girl's mother is dead and as there are several children in the family Laura has been staying with various people in Montpelier. The welfare league of that city made application to Grand Judge Thayer of Montpelier, asking that a suitable home be selected for the girl. To-day the judge placed the girl in charge of her father in conjunction with the probation officer until such time as a home can be chosen for the girl.

CARRY CASE  
TO HIS COURT

Judge Scott Overruled  
Demurrer in Jacob  
Aaron Case

COURT DECIDED COM-  
PLAINT SUFFICIENT

Hearing Was to Have Been  
Held To-day in Jitney  
Driver's Case

A demurrer to the complaint filed by Grand Juror William Wishart against Jacob Aaron, a Montpelier jitney driver, charged with operating his auto carelessly, was heard by Magistrate H. W. Scott in city court this forenoon and overruled, upon which action attorneys for the respondent announced their decision to carry the demurrer to supreme court. Aaron's bail of \$100, fixed earlier in the week, was continued and jurors who had been empaneled were allowed to go. Nearly a dozen witnesses subpoenaed in behalf of the state were paid off and told that their testimony would not be needed at that time.

Soon after his jitney is alleged to have run down a milk team driven by Arthur Barber on upper North Main street Tuesday evening, Aaron was arrested and put under bail. The respondent retained Attorneys J. Ward Carver of this city and W. A. Lord of Montpelier and the case was set for hearing to-day. This forenoon a jury consisting of J. G. More, H. G. Woodruff, M. E. Cutler, Irving W. Bates, B. B. Jackson, W. H. Oliver, F. G. Pearson, Peter D. Thom, A. S. Martin, D. V. Camp, A. C. Dickey and F. F. Cava appeared, but the demurrer presented by the respondent through his counsel halted the hearing.

Aaron's attorneys declared in their demurrer that the prosecuting attorney, in making his complaint, failed to set up specifically in what street and in what manner the alleged careless driving was done. Magistrate Scott held that the form complied with the statutory requirements and exceptions were immediately taken.

## NEW BASKETBALL LEAGUE.

Spaulding High Represented and Its Principal Is President of Association.

Representatives of seven preparatory schools in the northern part of the state met in Morrisville yesterday and today an organization, elected officers and formulated plans for a basketball league. The schools represented were Spaulding high schools, represented by Spaulding high school, Hardwick academy, People's academy of Morrisville, Montpelier high school and Montpelier seminary. Burlington high will be given an invitation to join the league.

The following officers were elected: President, Principal Henry H. Jackson of Spaulding high; vice-president, Principal English of Stowe high; secretary, Principal Fuller, Hardwick academy; treasurer, Principal Reynolds of People's academy.

The association voted to organize a basketball league to include the above named schools and Burlington high if it wishes to join, and rules and regulations for the organization were drawn up and adopted. A tentative schedule was arranged, it being planned to have each club play every other club twice during the season.

Each club is to be assessed \$5, the total amount to be used in purchasing a cup. To win the championship of the league, a club must play at least 80 per cent of its scheduled games and the championship will be decided on a percentage basis. To obtain permanent possession of the cup, a team must win the championship three times. The league will be in charge of the association formed and the old system of paying guarantees to visiting teams is to be done away with.

## ST. BERNARD CLUB MEETING.

Officers Elected and Dinner Served at  
Montpelier Country Club.

Twenty-one members of the St. Bernard club and their guests assembled at the Montpelier Country club last yesterday afternoon for the annual meeting and dinner.

The business meeting was held at 5 o'clock preceding by an hour and a half the dinner, and the following officers were elected: President, F. V. Butterfield, Derby Line; vice-president, Albert B. Tenney, Boston; treasurer, Levi H. Bixby, Montpelier; secretary, Joseph H. Brown, Montpelier; director, Howard M. Simpson, New York City; auditor, Charles F. Love, Montpelier.

Those from out of town who attended the meeting and dinner in addition to the officers named above were John E. Patrick, Henry B. Shaw and Dr. J. H. Javon, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Parmelee who was found dead beneath an electric light pole while delivering newspapers in the office. The theory is held that the boy was killed by coming in contact with electric current carried from the pole through a conduct to a nearby house.

## WILL HOLD INVESTIGATION.

Public Service Commission to Look Into  
Facts of Boy's Death.

St. Albans, Oct. 23.—The public service commission will hold a hearing in the city hall October 27 on the death last Wednesday of Charles Parmelee, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Parmelee who was found dead beneath an electric light